## Elliptic Anisotropic flow

The anisotropy in particle production is not entirely described by  $v_2$ ! If higher harmonics  $v_4$ ,  $(v_6...)^*$ .

No obvious reason (symmetry considerations...) why these harmonics should reflect different aspects (initial geometry, time scales...) of the collisions  $\Rightarrow$  should be studied together with  $v_2$ .

Kolb, Sollfrank & Heinz; Huovinen; Borghini & Ollitrault; Ko, Chen & Zhang

- Theorists:
  - $v_2$  predictions should be accompanied by  $v_4$  predictions;
  - a do not omit the STAR  $v_4$  when fitting your favorite model(s) to "anisotropic flow data".
- Experimentalists: please provide us with further data (easy request...) (what has become of PHENIX preliminary results, nucl-ex/0506019?)

\* The physics behind  $v_1$  might be different...

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## Experimentalists are from Mars, theorists are from Venus

(J.Nagle & T.Ullrich, Cargèse 2001)

Theorists know the reaction plane, experimentalists do not measure it  $\Rightarrow$  mismatch between

- what theorists compute within a given model  $\equiv v_n$  ("true" flow);
- what experimentalists extract from their data: estimates  $(v_n \{ EP \}, v_n \{ 2 \}, v_n \{ 4 \}, v_n \{ \infty \} ...)$ , obtained using various methods of analysis that have different sensitivities to "parasitic" effects; ("nonflow" correlations between particles, fluctuations of flow itself...).

IF my wish: that theorists analyze the outcome of their models using the methods used by experimentalists.

Codes implementing various methods (cumulants, Lee-Yang zeroes...) (soon) available at <u>http://www.physik.uni-bielefeld.de/~borghini/Software/</u>.