Parth integral for non-relativistic particle is 1D.

Here it is useful to write operators with a hat.

Let  $\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2 \ln t} + V(\hat{x})$ 

insert  $1 = \int dx |x| < x|$  on the right of each  $e^{-i\hat{H}t}M$ and  $1 = \int dx |p| < p|$  on the left. There we obtain N factor of the form  $(x;+|p|) < p|e^{-i\hat{H}t}M|x|$ 

= 
$$\langle x_{i+1} | p_{i} \rangle \langle p_{i} | 1 - i | \hat{H} t / N + O(N^{-2}) | x_{i} \rangle$$
  
=  $\langle x_{i+1} | p_{i} \rangle \langle p_{i} | 1 - i | (\frac{p_{i}^{2}}{2m} + V(x_{i})) | 1 x_{i} \rangle + O(N^{-2})$   
=  $\langle x_{i+1} | p_{i} \rangle \langle p_{i} | 1 x_{i} \rangle eep(-i | H(p_{i}, x_{i})) | t_{i} \rangle$   
=  $\langle x_{i+1} | p_{i} \rangle \langle p_{i} | 1 x_{i} \rangle eep(-i | H(p_{i}, x_{i})) | t_{i} \rangle$   
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Now take N -> 0.  $\langle x_{ol}e^{-iHt}|x_{o}\rangle = \lim_{N \to \infty} \int \frac{dx_{i}d\mu_{i}}{2\pi} \delta(x_{n} - x_{q})$   $\operatorname{eep}\left(-i\sum_{j=1}^{N} \frac{t}{N} \left[-p_{j} \frac{x_{j+n}^{2} - x_{j}}{t} + H(p_{j}^{2}, x_{j}^{2})\right]\right)$ where  $\times_{N+1} = \times_{\mathbf{b}}$ define  $t_j := (j-1)\frac{t}{N}$ ,  $x(t_j) := x_j$ ,  $p(t_j) := p_j$ For  $N \rightarrow V$ :  $\frac{x_{j+1}-x_{j}}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow x(t_{j}), \quad \frac{x_{j}}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \int_{0}^{t} dt' = 0$  $= \int \Omega x \Omega \rho \exp \left(-i \int dt' \left[ \rho(t') \dot{x}(t') - H(\gamma(t')), x(t')) \right] \right)$ 

N.B. This is also valid when His